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Virginia Gazette

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND: PRINTED BY THOMAS NICOLSON.

An ACT *to amend the ſeveral acts of Aſſembly concerning Naval-Officers, and the Collection of the Duties.*

BE *it enacted by the General Aſſembly*, that there ſhall be a Naval Officer for each of the following diſtricts, that is to ſay: For the diſtrict of *Elizabeth river* commencing at *Cape-Henry* and extending from thence up *Nanſemond* and *James rivers*, including the ſeveral creeks and inlets thereof: For the diſtrict of *James river* extending from *Back river* point up *James river*, including the ſeveral creeks and inlets thereof: For the diſtrict of *South Quay:* For the diſtrict of *York river:* For the diſtrict of *Rappahannock river:* For the diſtrict of *South Potowmack:* For the diſtrict of the county of *Accomack:* And for the diſtrict of the county of *Northampton.*

The preſent Naval-Officers ſhall be continued; and every vacancy ſhall be ſupplied by joint ballot of both Houſes of Aſſembly, and a commiſſion ſhall iſſue from the Governour in purſuance thereof: But a vacancy happening in the receſs of the Aſſembly, or happening at any time and not filled up by the next Aſſembly following, ſuch vacancy may be ſupplied by a temporary appointment of the Executive until the end of the ſucceeding ſeſſion of Aſſembly.

The reſidence of the Naval Officers ſhall be as follows, that is to ſay, of the Naval Officer of *Elizabeth* river at *Norfolk* or *Portſmouth*, of the Naval Officer of *James* river at *Hampton*, of the Naval Officer of *South Quay* at *South Quay*, of the Naval Officer of *Rappahannock* at *Urbanna*, of the Naval Officer of *South Potowmack* at *Yeocomico* or *Alexandria*, any thing in the "*act to amend the act intituled an act to amend the act intituled an act to reſtrict foreign veſſels to certain ports within this Commonwealth*," notwithſtanding; of the Naval Officer of *Accomack* at *Drummond* or *Onancock*, of the Naval Officer of *Northampton* at the courthouſe thereof or at *Cherriſton*, and of the Naval Officer of *York* river at *York* town. They ſhall keep their offices at the places aforeſaid reſpectively, but the Naval Officer of the diſtrict of *Elizabeth river* ſhall keep his office in the borough of *Norfolk*; and that the Executive may grant a reaſonable time for the removal of other officers hereafter to be appointed to the places herein before mentioned.

Every Naval Officer may exerciſe his office by deputy at the place of his reſidence, in caſe of ſickneſs or neceſſary abſence, and the Naval Officer of *South Potowmack* may exerciſe his office by deputy at *Alexandria* or *Yeocomico*. Neither the ſaid Naval Officers or their deputies ſhall directly or indirectly be concerned in trade.

Every Naval Officer at the time of receiving his commiſſion ſhall enter into bond with good and ſufficient ſecurity in ſuch penalty as the Executive ſhall direct to the Governour in truſt for the Commonwealth for the due and faithful diſcharge of his duty according to law, and ſhall moreover take an oath of office to be adminiſtered by the Governour.

Regiſters ſhall be granted by the Executive to citizens of the *United States* only, and for veſſels built in the *United States* only, the Captain and mate whereof have been citizens for at leaſt one year preceding. The form of ſuch regiſter, and the mode of proving ſuch citizenſhip, the time and place where the veſſel was built, and her tonnage, may be preſcribed by the Executive.

The maſter or owner of every veſſel coming into this Commonwealth ſhall proceed with the ſame without delay to the port at which ſhe intends to enter: And ſhall within ſixty hours after her arrival at moorings in ſuch port, make to the Naval Officer of the diſtrict, a juſt and true report upon oath of the burthen, contents and loading of ſuch veſſel, with the particular marks and numbers of every caſk or package whatſoever therein laden, to whom conſigned to the beſt of his knowledge, and alſo where and in what port the ſame were laden and taken on board.

Whenever an entry is made, the maſter, owner, or conſignee ſhall produce on oath a fair and regular manifeſt expreſſing the ſeveral caſks, parcels, packages, and other articles of merchandiſe howſoever deſcribed or named, laden on board of his veſſel, with the original invoices or a true copy thereof, the marks and numbers thereof, and to whom the ſame are conſigned to the beſt of his knowledge, and he ſhall moreover on oath ſpecify the tonnage of ſuch veſſel to the beſt of his knowledge, according to the carpenters tonnage.

The Naval Officers or any perſon by them reſpectively appointed ſhall have full power and authority to go and enter on board any veſſel, and from thence to bring on ſhore any articles whatſoever liable to duty if ſuch duty be not paid or bond with good and ſufficient ſecurity given for the payment of the ſame within ſix months next after ſuch entry, (which bond, if offered, the Naval Officer is hereby authoriſed and required to accept and take,) and ſuch articles ſo brought on ſhore to ſecure and detain until due payment ſhall be made, or ſecurity given for the ſame as aforeſaid.

And if ſuch payment or ſecurity be not made or given within two days from the time of ſuch ſeizure, the Naval Officer is hereby empowered to ſell at the end of ſix months from the date of ſuch ſeizure the ſame or ſo much thereof as ſhall be ſufficient to diſcharge the ſaid duties, and five per centum for the charges of ſuch ſeizure and ſale, and ſtorage. PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS, that notice ſhall be given of ſuch ſeizure by adverti ſing the ſame ſix weeks in the Virginia Gazette.

The permits to be granted for landing the whole of any cargo ſhall ſpecify the ſeveral caſks, parcels, packages, and other articles of merchandiſe, and the port or ports at which ſuch goods, wares, or merchandiſes are to be delivered. The permits to be granted for landing the part of any cargo, ſhall likewiſe ſpecify the whole of the cargo and tonnage, diſtinguiſhing what part hath been permitted to be landed elſewhere, and what may be permitted thereby to be landed. But no delivery whatſoever ſhall be made until the permits ſhall be exhibited to and counterſigned by the Searcher of the port of delivery: And before the ſame ſhall be counterſigned, the Naval Officer ſhall make out an exact copy under his hand and ſeal, of each permit for the place of delivery, which copy ſhall be ſealed up and committed to the maſter or Commander of the veſſel, and delivered to the Searcher before the permit ſhall be counterſigned by him.

Any maſter or ſkipper of a veſſel intending to tranſport any goods, wares, or merchandiſes liable to a duty, from one diſtrict to another ſhall obtain from the Naval Officer of the diſtrict from which they are to be tranſported a permit under the hand and ſeal of ſuch officer, deſcribing the veſſel with the caſks, packages and parcels therein laden, according to their reſpective marks and numbers, ſpecifying the diſtrict into which they are to be tranſported, and certifying that all the duties thereon have been duly paid or ſecured to be paid, under which permit ſuch maſter or ſkipper ſhall be entitled to deliver and unlade his cargo at the place or places authoriſed by law. And the Naval Officer ſhall receive and take ſuch proof of the duties having been paid on the ſaid goods ſo to be tranſported as the nature of the caſe may admit. No veſſel going out of this Commonwealth ſhall paſs the diſtrict in which her loading ſhall have been completed, until ſhe ſhall have been duly cleared, and all the duties to be accounted for on clearance ſhall be firſt ſatisfied according to law.

Every maſter of a veſſel when he makes his entry ſhall give bond with ſecurity in the penalty of one thouſand pounds, that he will not depart this Commonwealth when an embargo is laid during the continuance thereof; and every Naval Officer upon receipt of the order for ſuch embargo ſhall forthwith give notice to the maſters of veſſels within his diſtrict, and no bond given reſpecting ſuch embargo ſhall be adjudged, deemed, or taken, to be forfeited, unleſs notice be given as aforeſaid.

Every Naval Officer at the time of granting a permit to load, ſhall take bond of the maſter of the veſſel in the penalty of two hundred pounds, conditioned that he will not crop, cut away the bulge, draw the ſtaves, or otherwiſe abuſe or injure any tobacco caſk freighted in his veſſel, or cauſe or ſuffer the ſame to be done with his knowledge, privity, or procurement, without the conſent of the freighter or freighters.

No duties ſhall be payable on any imported articles being the property of this Commonweal h, the *United States*, or any of them, nor on any articles imported directly by water in veſſels belonging wholly to citizens of the *United States* which ſhall be proved to be of the growth or manufacture of the ſtate from which they ſhall be imported, except rum and unrefined ſugar, which articles ſhall be ſubject to the ſame duties as are by law impoſed on the ſame articles imported from foreign countries.

Before any permit ſhall be granted for delivery, ſix pence per ton ſhall be paid, or ſecured to be paid, for every veſſel which ſhall enter, to be appropriated to the light houſe, and one ſhilling for every ſeaman or mariner, and apprentice on board, to be appropriated to the marine hoſpital. But for every veſſel built in the *United States*, the Captain and Mates whereof have been citizens for at leaſt one year preceding, and *bona-fide* belonging to a citizen or citizens of the *United States*, and not exceeding one hundred tons, the tonnage on ſuch veſſels ſhall not exceed ſix pence per ton in addition to the tonnage impoſed for the erection and ſupport of a light houſe. But all veſſels not exceeding one hundred tons burthen, and wholly owned by a citizen or citizens of the *United States* or any of them, and navigated according to law, who ſhall be employed ſolely in carrying off *American* coal, ſhall be exempted from all tonnage except the ſix pence per ton for the ſupport of the light houſe.

No coaſting veſſel of fifty tons or under ſhall be compelled to take a pilot, or be ſubject to any penalty for refuſal.

Nothing herein contained ſhall be conſtrued to affect, or as being intended to affect, the rights and obligations ariſing under the act of the General Aſſembly, intituled "*An act to approve, confirm, and ratify the compact made by certain Commiſſioners appointed by the General Aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland and Commiſſioners appointed by this Commonwealth.*"

The maſter or owner of any veſſel coming into this Commonwealth and laden with goods, wares, or merchandizes, a part whereof only are to be delivered in this Commonwealth, ſhall be admitted to enter and deliver the ſame on paying, or ſecuring to be paid, as the caſe may be, the duties thereon together with ſuch proportion of the tonnage, as will correſpond with the proportion which the bulk of ſuch part bears to the bulk of the whole cargo; ſuch proportion of the tonnage to be aſcertained by the perſons to be appointed by the Naval Officer, who ſhall act upon oath, and report their opinion to ſuch officer. And no other part of the ſaid cargo liable to duty ſhall be unladen or put on ſhore.

No owner, maſter, or commander of any veſſel ſhall ſell or permit to be ſold on board of the ſame in retail, any goods, wares, or merchandize liable to a duty.

No perſon ſhall be required to give account upon oath of the true contents of any pipe or leſſer caſk

of wine, or hogſhead or leſſer caſk of ſpirits, beer, ale, porter, cyder, or molaſſes imported, but ſhall have liberty to enter a pipe or hogſhead as aforeſaid at one hundred and ten gallons, and all leſſer caſks after the ſame proportion.

When any Naval Officer or Searcher ſhall have good reaſon to ſuſpect that any package or parcel of goods contains any article that has not been entered, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch officer to open and examine in company with a Juſtice of the Peace ſuch package or parcel.

It ſhall be lawful for Naval Officers or Searchers having good cauſe to ſuſpect that any goods, wares, or merchandize on which duties have not been paid, are ſtored and ſecreted in any houſe, to apply to a Juſtice of the Peace, or Alderman of a corporation for a warrant, which warrant ſhall not be granted but on information on oath, and being accompanied with a conſtable, to break open in the day time ſuch ſuſpected houſe when it may be neceſſary, and any goods ſo found, on which the duties have not been paid or ſecured to be paid, may be ſeized and carried away.

(The remainder in our next.)

From the Glaſgow advertiſer, October 15, 1787.

SINGULAR ANTIPATHY.

AURO PHOBIA.

THE following very extraordinary circumſtance exhibits, perhaps, the firſt inſtance of the kind hitherto known, and is well atteſted by reſpectable perſons in the neighbourhood.

John Poole, a boy about fifteen years of age, ſon of a farmer reſiding near Clare, in Suffolk, ſome years ago diſcovered a ſtrong antipathy to to the ſight of money; no one could ever get him to except any. The boy being of a very baſhful and timid nature, of courſe this conſtant refuſal was at firſt imputed to his ſhyneſs. His father attempted to induce him to take ſome money, and in various ways, without any ſucceſs: Tho' perfectly ſenſible he could purchaſe with it different articles that he was fond of, his refuſal and ſeeming abhorrance of money continued the ſame. An experiment was then made to try whether this refuſal did not proceed, as was ſuppoſed, from baſhfulneſs, and an idea that he ought not to take money when offered to him. His father put ſome half-pence into his pocket, unknown to him. On putting his hand in his pocket, he felt them, and drawing it back with much ſeeming horror, he fell into ſtrong convulſion fits, in which he continued an hour. Some time after this, his father, ſtill wiſhing to overcome the antipathy, reſolved to try the ſame experiment with ſome ſilver. The ſame ſymptoms were again exhibited, only with an increaſing degree of violence, indeed ſuch violence that his father expected he would have died. Of the exiſtance of this ſtrong antipathy his father is now ſo convinced, that he will not ſuffer any further experiments; and as many perſons, witneſſes to the laſt trial, all ſeem to agree, that the repetition would in all probability be dangerous. Nothing that is recollected of the boy can lead to account for this ſtrange averſion. In every other reſpect he is as other boys are except being of a grave, thoughtful turn. In many things he is very acute. The father naturally feels concerned, on reflecting that in the progreſs of time his ſon muſt be engaged in buſineſs, and of courſe in money tranſactions. The abhorrence ſtill continues ſo ſtrong, that he now turns away when any money comes within his ſight.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) Nov. 10.

WEDNESDAY arrived at Port-Royal his Majeſty's ſloop of war Alert, expreſs from Great-Britain, with diſpatches for his honour the Lieutenant Governour and the Commodore.

Monday laſt, an action on the caſe for a breach of promiſe of marriage, was tried before the Surry aſſize Court, wherein Miſs Mary Hardwar was Plaintiff, and William Greere, Eſq; Defendant. The facts ſtated in the declaration, as to a promiſe of marriage by the defendant's letters and other evidence; and the jury, which was ſpecial, after a very long trial retired, and in half an hour, returned with a verdict for the plaintiff, and aſſeſſed the damages at the ſum of 2,500l. this currency, with coſts of ſuit. The defendant has filed a bill of exceptions, and will of courſe remove the cauſe to the court of errors.

PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 22.

THE public are cautioned againſt counterfeit dollars, now in circulation, dated 1786; they are well executed, and may deceive even a workman, if not cloſe examined. They may be known from the true by the following marks: On the head ſide, the noſe and mouth are larger than the true, the S in Carolus is ſmaller, and not well cut; the II larger, and the L deeper in proportion than the other letters: The figures 86 of the date, not ſo full as the others, and are very rough cut: On the reverſe, the crown is larger, and not ſo full and deep as the true: The head of the pillars are larger and bolder than on the true ones: The metal appears very well until rubbed, when it has a copper caſt: The weight is the ſame as the true ones.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Newport, Rhode-Iſland, dated 29th Dec. 1787, to his correſpondent in this city.

"I thank you for all the good news, and the news-papers with the Debates in your Convention, which are truly worth reading. You have had a fair opportunity to diſcover that two or three artful deſigning men may do a world of miſchief—Inſtance a few in Rhode-Iſland—old C—— and L—— in New-York—and a few ſuch in every ſtate. Delaware and Jerſey are high on the liſt—Connecticut will have a very great majority—Boſton near three to one—and New-Hampſhire clear—and that will be the caſe in North and South-Carolina. *We* that have taken an active part in the late war muſt again ſtep forward, and do double duty, till we ſecure a good government. I ſpeak for myſelf, and am ready. The virtuous Minority in this ſtate feel happy in being thought of by the worthy citizens of Philadelphia, and I know they deſerve their notice, for never did men ſtand their ground equal to a few in this ſtate—and I hope the time is nigh, when the wicked muſt flee to the dens and cliffs of the rocks."

PARAGRAPHS from correſpondents.

Whether the motives were good or bad that influenced the Council of Pennſylvania to call in the arms of the ſtate to be cleaned, it matters not; we doubt not, but the meaſure will terminate in the public good. For, that the attention of the militia will be rouſed, both to have their arms in good order, and themſelves perfected in military diſcipline, is a neceſſary conſequence. Perhaps our militia, who are the true bulwark of a free country may ſoon be called upon to defend our ſacred rights and privileges, againſt the deſpots and monarchy-men; and to be prepared for the worſt, their *arms* and *diſcipline* ought to undergo a previous examination.

A perſon of information, in the commercial way, acquaints us, that within theſe few weeks large orders are ſent off to Europe for powder and lead. As theſe orders have been generally from the northern States, a correſpondent wiſhes to know, what is the object of theſe extra orders for ammunition. He hopes the high flying monarchy-men and the reſt of the ariſtocratics, have no thoughts of letting looſe the dogs of war among ſuch of their fellow citizens as intend to oppoſe the new conſtitution.

January 26. A few days ago came to this city the Rev. Mr. Oakum, an Indian Miniſter, who has for ſeveral years been a miſſionary among the Indians. During the late war, he was plundered by the Britiſh, and obliged to leave his habitation. We are informed, he is now endeavouring to return to his miſſion, and has come to this place to ſolicit ſome aſſiſtance from the charitable and well diſpoſed, to provide himſelf with neceſſaries, and remove his wife and family. To aid him herein, the Miniſters and elders of the ſecond Preſbyterian Church have invited him to preach in the church in Arch-ſtreet to morrow evening. After ſermon a collection will be made for his benefit, when thoſe who are diſpoſed to aſſiſt this worthy man will have a favourable opportunity of contributing to his relief.

WINCHESTER JANUARY 18.

LAST week were committed to our jail, Joſeph Anderſon, Charles Robinſon, and Benjamin Rollins, belonging to the notorious gang of horſe thieves which have ſo long infeſted theſe parts. The rapid progreſs which has been made in apprehending ſo many of theſe offenders is peculiarly fortunate to the community, as the greateſt and moſt active part of the gang are now in cuſtody, and will of courſe receive the puniſhment due to their demerits. Robert Mitchell, who has long been a candidate for Tyburn, is alſo apprehended and committed to priſon, for being concerned with HONEST JOHN and another apt ſcholar, who has turned ſtates evidence, in breaking open the ſhop of Mr. Richardſon, ſilverſmith, in this town, as mentioned in a former paper. Cornelius Conway is alſo committed, on ſuſpicion of ſtealing a negro the property of Joſeph Beven, of Maryland.

Wedneſday night the 11th inſtant, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, as Mr. John Murray was returning to this town from Berkely, on his way to Lexington, he ſaw in the air, a meteor of a globular form; it appeared to be about the ſize of a flour barrel when he firſt perceived it, but it aſcended with ſuch amazing velocity, that in about a minute and a half it almoſt diſappeared, when on a ſudden it burſt with a noiſe as loud as the report of a ſwivel gun, filling the atmoſphere, with its fiery particles and matter. Its direction was north-eaſt.

RICHMOND, FEB. 7.

THE weather for theſe two days paſt has been ſo intenſely cold, that the river is cloſely blocked up again.

A letter received in this city from New York, ſays, that the ſtate of Maſſachuſetts Bay, had rejected the propoſed Fœderal Government, by a ſmall majority.

We learn that the Hon. CYRUS GRIFFIN, Eſq; Delegate from this ſtate, is appointed Preſident of Congreſs.

ARRIVALS AT NORFOLK.

Ship Betſey, Ferrie, Teneriffe.
Schooner Maria, Marſh, New York.
Experiment, Jordan, St. Euſtatia.
Sloop Suſan, Newbolk, Turk's Iſland.

CLEARANCES.

Brig Riſing Sun, Bouſquet, New York.
Brig Minerva, Lightburice, Grenada.
Brig Louiſa, Balonanno, St. Vincents.
Schooner Priſcilla, Barbine, ditto.
Sloop Rebecca, Swain, North Carolina.
Sloop Portſmouth, Hooge, Cape Francois.

FROM Mr. LINDSAY's

MARINE INTELLIGENCER,

JANUARY 26, 1788.

Captain Ferrie, of the Betſey, from Teneriffe, informs, that on the 14th inſtant he ſpoke the ſhip Pomona, Captain Graves, from St. Eube's bound to New-York, out 13 weeks, in want of proviſions, with which he ſupplied him. Likewiſe ſpoke the brig Aurora, on the 19th inſt. from St. Croix, bound to Baltimore, out 7 weeks, in want of every neceſſary; her ſtern had been ſtove in, loſt 3 hands, and the remaining crew ſickly. Captain Ferrie ſupplied them with neceſſaries.

From the Fairfield Gazette, Dec. 26.

PORTSMOUTH, (New Hampſhire) April 30.

SIR

IN the year 1785, that juſtly celebrated Botaniſt, Dr. Wm. Withering, Phyſician to the General Hoſpital in Birmingham, Great-Britain, publiſhed a treatiſe on the Digitalis Purpurea, (Fox Glove) and its medical uſes, with practical remarks on dropſies and other diſeaſes; this valuable treatiſe came into my hands the ſame year; it contains more than 150 caſes of dropſies, many of them of the worſt and moſt complicated kind, cured or relieved by this efficacious plant. I laſt year received from London, a ſmall quantity of the dried leaves and ſome of the ſame in powder; from repeated trials here, I am fully perſuaded that neither Dr. Withering, or his numerous correſpondents, have exaggerated its ſalutary effects; it is perhaps the moſt powerful diuretic in nature, and poſſeſſes a remarkable quality of abating the action of the heart, and retarding the circulation of the blood.

By the laſt ſhip from London and laſt poſt from Boſton, I was honored with a very polite, obliging, and intereſting letter from Dr. Withering, and favored alſo with a quantity of ſeeds of the Fox-Glove by him. He writes, "I ſend more than you will have occaſion for, in hopes that you will diſtribute them into the other ſtates."

It is with much pleaſure that I comply with the Doctor's humane wiſh in incloſing you a ſmall quantity of them, being fully perſuaded you will find equal ſatisfaction in the cultivation of ſo uſeful and ornamental a vegetable; it bears a beautiful purple bell flower, worthy of a place in any garden.

I take the liberty of tranſcribing two other paſſages in the Doctor's letter, which I think may with propriety accompany the ſeed.—"I am more and more convinced that the Digitalis, under a judicious management, is one of the mildeſt and ſafeſt medicines we have, and one of the moſt efficacious: I believe it is not neceſſary to create a nauſea, or any other diſturbances in the ſyſtem. I never uſe more than ½ ſcruple, fol. ſuc. ½lb. of infuſion, and in ſubſtance rarely more than three grains in 24 hours."—"Digitalis has cured two other caſes of inſanity in this neighbourhood, and three caſes of hemoptæ: The latter were of a kind attended with a quick bounding pulſe, and I directed the medicine from the quality I know it poſſeſſes of abateing the action of the heart."

I would just mention that it is a biennial plant, and I conclude it will take some little care to preserve the roots from the severity of the frosts in this cold climate, though it flourishes spontaneously in the fields of England.

My good intention must be my apology in the liberty I have taken in troubling a gentleman of your character with so lengthy a letter, altogether professional; I wish to promulgate so valuable an acquisition in medicine, and am so unfortunate as not to be acquainted with any gentleman of the faculty in your state.

I am, Sir, &c. your most humble servant.
HALL JACKSON.

The Rev. EZRA STILES,
President of Yale College.

IMPORTED FROM LIVERPOOL,

An Assortment of

GOODS,

CONSISTING of the following ARTICLES,
And will be sold by Wholesale, or Retail on low terms for
Cash, Tobacco, Wheat, or Naval Stores.

BED RUGS,
Rose and striped blankets,
Duffles and Welsh plains,
A variety of cloths and coatings with trimmings,
Kerseys and half thicks,
Serges, linseys, swanskin, and flannels,
Durants, camblets, and everlastings,
Yarn and worsted hose,
Fine and coarse hats,
An elegant assortment of Wilton and Scotch carpets,
Silk, cotton, and spun silk hose,
Printed linen handkerchiefs,
German and British oznabrigs,
Irish linens and dowlas,
Plain and striped muslins,
Bed cords, trace rope, and leading lines,
Seine rope and twine,
Soap in boxes,
4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. nails,
Pipes in boxes,
Frying pans,
Hoes, axes and adzes,
Iron pots, ovens and skellets, &c. &c.

Apply to the Subscriber on CAMPBELL'S Wharf,
ROBERT HAYES.

Norfolk, January 31, 1788.

MOULD CANDLES, at 1 s. per pound,
By MYER DERKHEIM, at the store lately occupied by Messr. Mosses and Joseph A. Myers, opposite Messr. Montgomery, Henry, & co. The best turpentine soap, at 9d. the single pound, and 8d. by taking 8 pounds. Sixpence per pound will be allowed for kitchen stuff in exchange for soap.

Any person finding tallow, may have candles made for 4d. per pound.

Richmond, Jan. 2, 1788.

Twenty Dollars Reward,

RUNAWAY from the subscriber the 1st of June last, a negro man named CHARLES, about 40 years of age, yellow complexion, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, both of his feet has been frost bitten, and the end of one his great toes turns right down, and when he walks it makes a print like a walking cane, the other foot is crumped up on the top, he has lost his fore teeth, has a bushy head of wool, a large body and small legs and thighs. he is an artful cunning villian, and I imagine will endeavour to pass for a free man; I understand he is lurking about Tanner's creek in Princess Ann county, and the Pitch Landing in North Carolina. Whoever delivers the said fellow to me in Isle of Wight county, shall have the above reward, or ten dollars if secured in any jail so that I get him.

WILLIAM JORDAN.

Isle of Wight, January 28, 1788.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber the 15th day of January, a light molatto fellow named ABRAHAM, about 25 years of age, he is remarkable well made, and about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has been burnt on each cheek with an R. but hardly perceivable without nice examination; he is supposed to be lurking about Petersburg or Richmond, and will endeavour to pass for a free man, is a tolerable good shoemaker and carpenter. I hereby forewarn all masters of vessels and others from harbouring employing, or carrying away the said fellow out of this state at their peril. I will give three pounds if secured or confined so that I get him, or fix pounds if delivered to me in Amelia on Nottoway.

STITH HARDAWAY.

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VIRGINIA, to wit:

At a High Court of Chancery, held in Richmond the 16th day of November 1787.

JERMAN BAKER, PLAINTIFF.
against
WALTER KING, Surviving Partner of THOMPSON & KING. and also Surviving Partner of JOHN THOMPSON & Co. and CHARLES COPELAND Executor &c. of PETER COPELAND, deceased. } DEFENDANTS

THE defendant WALTER KING, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country. On the motion of the Plaintiff by his Counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next Court, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Virginia Gazette for two months successively, and published at some church of the parish of Westover in the county of Charles-City, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the Courthouse in the city of Richmond.

(A Copy)
GEORGE H. BASKERVILL, C. H C. C.

VIRGINIA, to wit:

At a High Court of Chancery held in RICHMOND the 16th day of November, 1787.

JAMES WILLING of the City of Philadelphia. PLAINTIFF.
against
RICHARD ELLIS, WILLIAM COCKE ELLIS, PETER LUMKIN and SHORE, M'CONNICO and RITSON. } DEFENDANTS.

THE defendant RICHARD ELLIS, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country. On the motion of the plaintiff by his Counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next Court, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Virginia Gazette for two months successively, and published at some church of the parish of Nottoway in the county of Amelia on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Richmond.

(A Copy)
GEORGE H BASKERVILL, C. H. C. C.

Thirty Shillings Reward,

RANAWAY from the subscrber on Monday the 10th of December last, a negro man that understands the tanning business, named SCIPIO, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, he is a slim made fellow, has a very ugly face with thick lips and flat nose; he has a remarkable white spot in the ball of his right eye and has lost the second finger of his right hand at the first joint. Had on when he went away an old sheeting shirt, a green round long waistcoat of negro cotton, a short round jacket of blue cloth, oznabrigs and corduroy breeches and a pair of brown bath coating gambadoes.—He is very cunning and crafty, and was taken up by a gentleman some days ago but revolted and cleared himself.

Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to me or secures him in jail and informs me thereof shall be intitled to the above reward.—I forwarn all Captains, masters of vessels and others from harbouring, secreting, or carrying off the said slave.

ALEXADER DE KIRWAN.

Williamsburg, January 14, 1788.

☞ The said fellow I purchased of Mr. Hunter's estate in Fredericksburg, where in all probability he may be lurking, or at the Honorable James Mercer's where he has a wife, as well as in Richmond or Petersburg where it may be.

TAKEN up near Four mile creek, Henrico county, a bright bay MARE, four feet six inches high, five years old next spring; forward with foal, a roached main and dock't tail, some saddle spots, and a remarkable white spot occasioned by the chaffing of the headstall. Appraised to 10l.

(3w) THOMAS HATTON.

☞ *All persons indebted to the printer hereof for Gazettes, &c, are earnestly request to call and discharge their accounts.*

VIRGINIA to wit:

At a High Court of Chancery held in Richmond the 15th day of November 1787.

BENJAMIN WINSLOW, PLANTIFF.
against
HENRY BELL, JOSEPH WOOD, jun. and WILLIAM BELL, } DEFENDANTS.

THE defendant HENRY BELL, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country. On the motion of the plantiff by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next Court, and answer the bill of the plantiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Virginia Gazette for two months successively, and published at some church of the parish of St. Thomas in the county of Orange, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Richmond.

(A Copy)
GEORGE H. BASKERVILL, C. H C. C.

SOUTHALL & HAY,

BEG leave to return their grateful thanks to the public for the encouragement which their brewery has met with and to inform them, that, on account of the excellent quality of the last years crop of barley, and the several duties imposed by the Assembly on foreign malt liquors, they are thereby enabled to make the quality of their beers better than heretofore, and on account of the scarcity of specie, they will receive in payment interest and civil list warrants and all other public securities at their current value.—As it is their earnest desire to bring their beers to as great perfection as possible, and to give the most perfect satisfaction to all those who will encourage domestic manufactures; they flatter themselves with the generous aid of the public, without which, no new manufacture can be brought to perfection.

RICHMOND, Jan. 16, 1788.

LOST

ON SATURDAY FORENOON,
JANUARY 26, 1788.

A SILVER WATCH,

Between Shockoe Hill of Richmond, and the Brook,
With the makers name and number as follows:

E. MORTON, LONDON;
NUMBER 18188.

Any person who will deliver the said watch to Mr. DAVIS, Printer; or to the subscriber in Richmond, shall receive THREE DOLLARS reward.

JOHN BRANDER.

SCHOOL.

M. HODGSON,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to inform the public that she intends to open a school on the 4th of February next, on the cross street opposite Mr. TROWER's tavern, for the instructing of YOUNG LADIES in the following branches of FEMALE accomplishment, and on the terms under specified, viz. Reading, writing, cyphering, and all kinds of needle work, at 5l. per annum, and a dollar entrance. Reading, writing, and needle work, at 4l. per annum, and a dollar entrance. As Mrs. Hodgson has had a very numerous school at Norfolk, composed of the children of the most respectable families, and has given general satisfaction, she flatters herself that her abilities in the line of her profession, and her affiduity to make her instructions pleasing and profitable to her pupils, will render an object worthy the patronage of those ladies and gentlemen who may think proper to honour her with the charge of their children.

RICHMOND, Jan. 16, 1788.

Will be Sold,

Upon the premises on the 24th day of February 1788, one tract of LAND lying in Louisa county, taxed in the name of JOHN MOORE, dec. said to bolong to Col. JOHN HARVIE, containing six hundred acres, or so much thereof, as will satisfy the Revenue and Certificate taxes, due for 1786, and expences attending the sale.

REVENUE TAX,	£. 7 10 0
CERTIFICATE TAX,	5 0 0

JOHN POINDEXTER, D. S.
for Thomas Johnson, Sheriff.

LOUISA, Dec. 17, 1787.

For Sale,

A PAIR OF ELEGANT

CHARIOT HORSES,

OF FULL SIZE,

For READY MONEY.

For further particulars inquire of the Printer.

Warrington & Keene,

Respectfully inform the Public,

That they are removed from the Store of

Isaac Younghusband, Esquire,

Opposite to Galt's Tavern,

And have opened FOR SALE,

An extensive and general ASSORTMENT of

PRIME SEASONABLE

GOODS,

At their new store near the old Capitol, built upon the same spot where JAMES WARRINGTON was burnt out in the fire of January 1787, which they are determined to dispose of by the package, piece, or otherwise, on the most moderate terms.

*** Military certificates, interest warrants, &c. as also tobacco, and ginsang, will be received in payment at their highest value.

RICHMOND, Jan. 3, 1788.

For Sale,

THE Tavern at present occupied by the subscriber, and two lots whereon it stands, with all the improvements; also two lots on the back street, on which are good stables, with 28 double stalls. Adjoining the said lot is a genteel dwelling house 44 by 24, with two rooms, and a 12 foot passage below, and 4 rooms above, at present occupied by Col. JAMES INNES, likewise a small lot with a dwelling house on it, adjoining the Mason's Hall.

A part of the above property will be sold for cash, the remainder for long credit, with bond and approved security.

GABRIEL GALT.

¶ It is requested by the subscriber that those who are indebted to him either on bond or open account to make speedy payments, as he is determined to put them into the hands of an Attorney to bring suit without discrimination. Those that he is indebted to will please to bring in their accounts, that he may make provision for the payment of them.

G. GALT.

Richmond, Jan. 9, 1788.

Will be Sold,

On the premises, on Monday the 25th of February, if fair, otherwise the next fair day,

THE LAND,

In LUNENBURG county, lately advertised, beloning to the estate of Mr. William Barrett, deceased. It is divided into four tracts of about 700 acres each, payments will be required at different periods, which may make it easy to the purchasers after paying one eighth part on the day of sale. A quantity of CORN and FODDER will be sold at the same time for cash or tobacco, by

THE EXECUTORS.

JANUARY 1, 1788.

I AM directed to forewarn all persons from the present date, from hunting, shooting, or otherwise trespassing on the FALLS PLANTATION.—Any one offending herein after this caution, may depend upon being taken notice of.

THOMAS CARTER, Overseer.

May be had at this Office,

PRICE 7½ d.

A statement of the Public

DEBT,

By Mr. William Ronald, one of the committee appointed for that purpose.

SNUFF MILLS, AT WILLIAMSBURG.

THE proprietors of which have for sale a large quantity of SCOTCH SNUFF, two years old, and by judges of that article, said to be fully equal to any imported from Europe. RAPPEE SNUFF, superior to what can possibly cross the Atlantic. TWIST & SHAGG, for chewing, fine CUT for smoaking, to be had at the same place. The prices wholesale are 25 per cent lower then any other state do furnish those articles. All orders addressed as above, due attention will be paid for expedition and care in package.

By the public's devoted servants,

HUNT & ADAMS.

Williamsburg, March 9. 1787.

N B. The above articles are to be had at their shop in Richmond, and at Mr. Robt. Greenhow's store on Shockoe hill near the Theatre.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale by THOMAS NICOLSON,

At his Office near the COURT HOUSE,

The Virginia Almanack,

For the Year 1788,

Being Befextile, or Leap Year.

CONTAINING the Lunations, Conjunctions, Eclipses, Weather, rising and setting of the Sun; change and full of the Moon; County and other Court days; list of Public Officers: Roads from Richmond to the Sweet Springs; a variety of Anecdotes and pieces of Wit; Weight of Gold as established by act of Assembly; Scale of Depreciation; a complete table for weighing Gold, from one Grain to sixty four Ounces; Receipt for a Cancer; an easy method of finding Interest for any sum; Days on which the Posts and Packets set out; Receipt for making French Bread; how to keep French Beans and Green Peas till Christmas; to make Mead; to fine Cyder; a short sketch on Gardening; to take Pimples and Freckles off the Face; to make Liquid Blacken; Receipts for Worms in Children; to take out Grease, spots of Ink, Tar, Wine, &c. out of Cloth; to kill Chinches, Gargle for the Soar Throat: cure for the Scurvy, Tooth-Ach, and a number of other useful Receipts.

THE purchasers of negroes at the sale made by the Executors of JAMES HUNTER, Esq; deceased, the 9th and 10th days of February last, are hereby requested to take notice, that their bonds become due on said days next month, when, if not punctually discharged, interest accrues from the respective dates thereof—They are farther desired to observe that if due attention is not paid to this request, their bonds must be immediately put into the hands of Attornies—The same notice is given to every other debtor, either by bond or open account. It is not to be considered as a threat, nor need any apology be made more than to observe, a speedy collection must take place, or the estate entrusted to our charge be sacrificed, when more is due than against it, and no other alternative.

The claimants who attended to our public request in June 1785, (Messrs. Hayes and Nicholson's papers) of making their just demands known, have our thankful acknowledgments; those who have not complied therewith, are again called on, that ample provision may be made for their discharge.

ADAM HUNTER,
And
ABNER VERNON, } *Ex'ors.*

January 1, 1788.

M'GUIRE's ENGLISH SCHOOL,

IS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Waddill, on the cross street leading to the ferry, and near Mr. Pleasant Younghusband's—He hopes the liberal plan which he has adopted in reducing the price of ENGLISH TUITION, joined to his conduct in his line of business, will ensure him the encouragement and esteem of the citizens of Richmond—He returns his grateful thanks to those who have already honoured him with the tuition of their children, and doubts not, by a steady and uniform attention to the important charge committed to his care, to merit the continuance of their favour.—He will undertake private tuition at any vacant houses, and he means to conduct it in the same manner as is used in the chief cities in Britain.

RICHMOND, January 30, 1788.

Thomas Rutherford,

BEGS leave to inform the public, as it is his intention to take a trip to EUROPE in the course of the spring, and therefore finding it necessary to close all accounts as speedily as possible, that he can give no further credit on any account whatever, he therefore hopes no one will apply on that score, he also begs leave to remind those who are indebted to him, that it will be out of his power to grant any further indulgence, but that to accommodate them, he will receive in payment of their accounts, tobacco, or other country produce, or public securities at their current value

☞ He has also on Hand,

A considerable ASSORTMENT of

GOODS,

Which will be sold on very moderate terms.

RICHMOND, Jan 16, 1788

For SALE,

On very REASONABLE TERMS,

For cash, military certificates, or interest warrants at their current value,

AN unexpired term of a lease of the house now occupied by Marcus Elcan, situated on the main street in this city, well situated for a store and family, with necessary out houses; also a large lumber house.—For further particulars, inquire of the printer hereof.

County Court Clerks, merchants, sheriffs, naval-officers, and others may be furnished with any of the undermentioned BLANKS, at the shortest notice, by the Printer hereof, viz

COUNTY COURT.

PETITION & SUMMONS.
SUBPOENAS.
WRITS.
ATTACHMENTS.
EXECUTIONS.
EXECUTORS BONDS.
ADMINISTRATORS ditto.
ORPHANS ditto.

SHERIFFS.

REPLEVY BONDS.
APPEARANCE ditto.
PRISON BOUND ditto.

MERCHANTS.

COMMON BONDS.
NOTES OF HAND.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
BILLS OF LADING.
BILLS OF SALE.
DEEDS OF TRUST.
DEEDS FOR LAND.
SEAMEN's ARTICLES.
INDENTURES &c.

NAVAL OFFICERS.

DUTY BONDS.
CLEARANCES.
PERMITS, &c.

Declarations for Lawyers,

OF VARIOUS FORMS.

M'MURRAY's MAP OF THE UNITED STATES.

May be had at this Office.

ACTS OF ASSEMBLY,

Printed since the revised code, viz. For the years 1783, 84, 85, and 86.